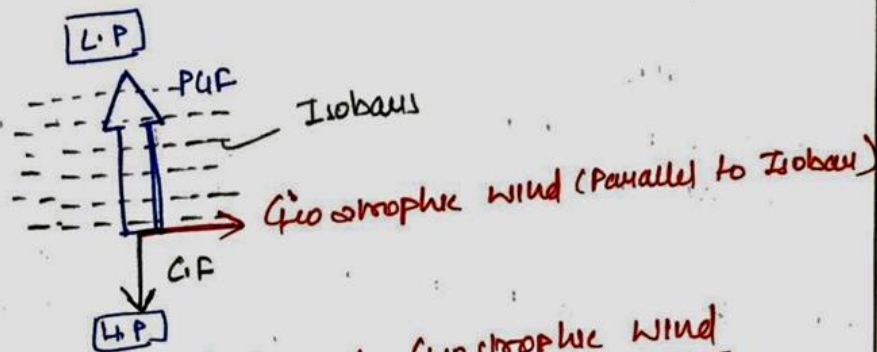
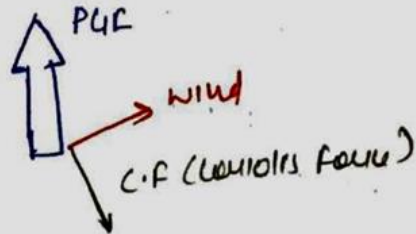
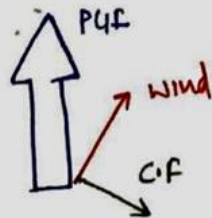


Upper Tropospheric Winds -

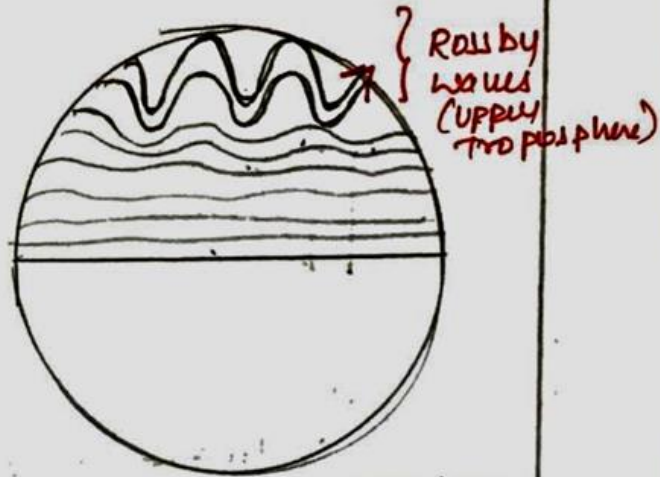


Geostrophic balance & Geostrophic Wind

- It is a unique condition where very fast moving winds deflect perfectly because of Coriolis force & winds move at 90° to P.G.F. (Pressure Gradient force). In this condition, the P.G.F. is balanced by Coriolis force that acts in exact opposite direction.
- If wind speed increases beyond Geostrophic balance condition, the deflection won't be more than 90° to the P.G.F.

Winds (Upper Tropospheric Winds)

- 1) Deflect
- 2) Geostrophic Balance
- 3) Westerlies
- 4) High Latitude



Westerlies taking zig zag path due to conservation of Angular momentum

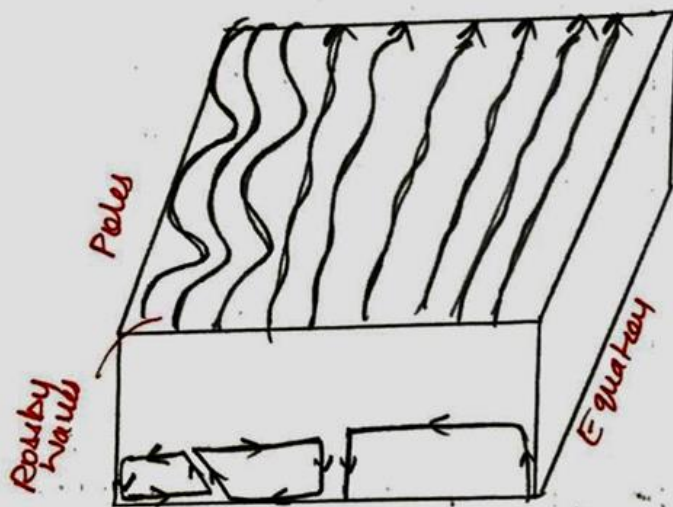
Once Upper Tropospheric winds have become westerly winds because of Geostrophic balance, the winds are also affected by principle of Angular momentum conservation. This forces the winds to take zig zag path and this is more pronounced.

the winds to take zig-zag
meandering path become more pronounced
beyond $50-60^\circ$ N & S.

◦ In high latitude where zig-zag path are
more pronounced, upper tropospheric winds
are called as Rossby waves.



◦ Rossby wave go through 10-15 days oscillat-
ion cycle called as Index cycle where from
being North-south meandering wave, they
switch to East-west straight wind & again
back to North-south meandering. This is an
infinite cycle of continuous oscillation



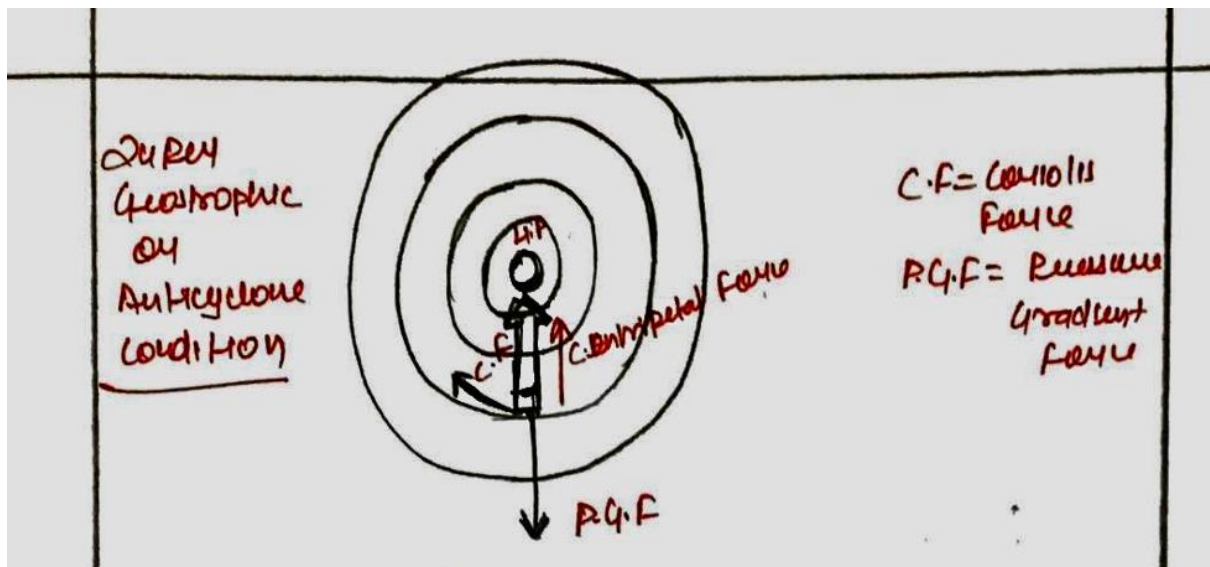
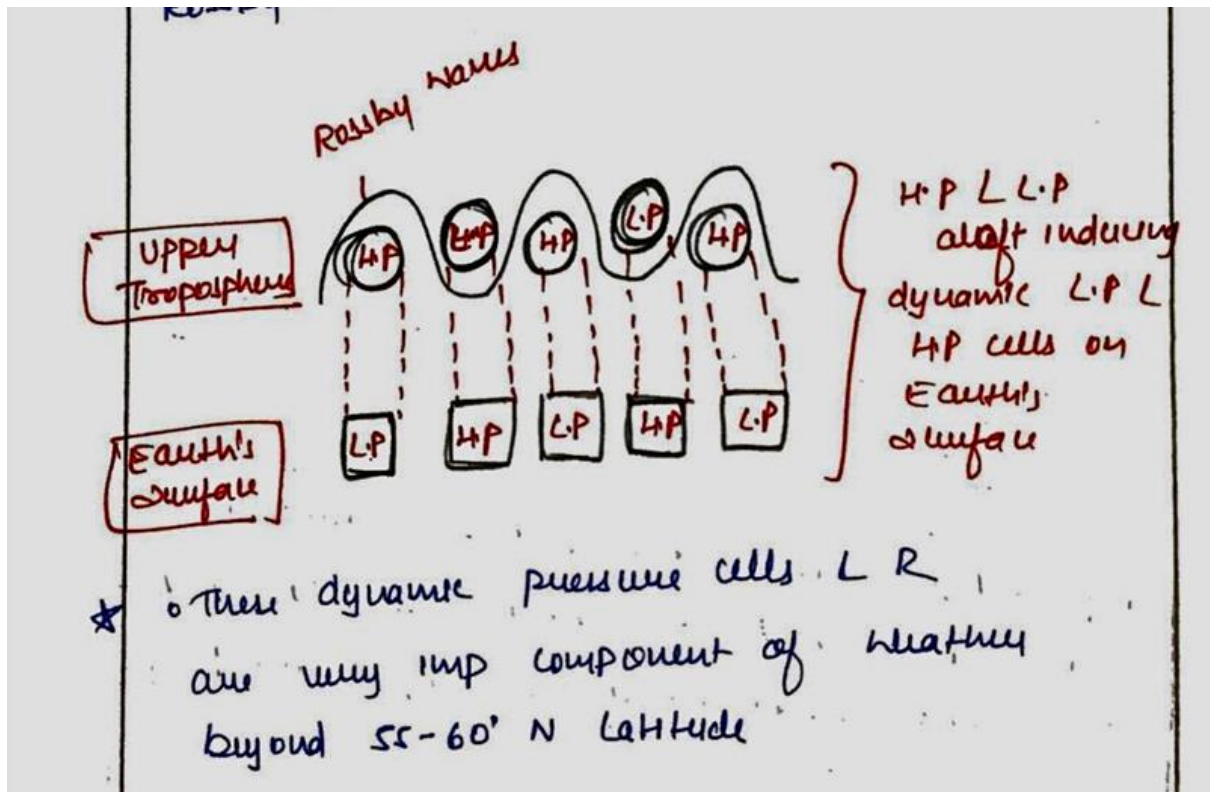
Modified Pressure Patterns because of Rossby waves -

- PCF - from equator towards pole → very very high speed winds - creating geostrophic winds - due to the conservation of Angular Momentum -

Meandering paths are created - further creating Rossby waves - which have Index cycle - This Rossby waves & Index cycle creates Dynamic Pressure cells

- Meandering Rossby waves creates pressure cells within their loops & HOP on the right & LOP on the left in N Hemisphere. This pattern forces pressure cells on the surface.

- These pressure patterns are dynamically induced & have cycle of 10-15 days cycle of Rossby waves



Gradient winds -

- Gradient winds are category of local secondary systems that are rotational L cyclones
- They are always the consequence of localized HP or LP (the linear pressure belt patterns are gradients of closed isobars).

• In. Gradient winds, there is an additional component of centripetal force that forces the rotational motions & genesis of centripetal force is localized LP pattern.

• Genesis of additional Centripetal Force is because LP or HP is localized and isobaric may circulate