

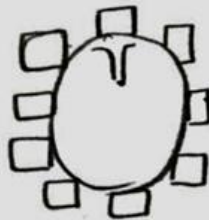
Geography Foundation

18/Sep/24

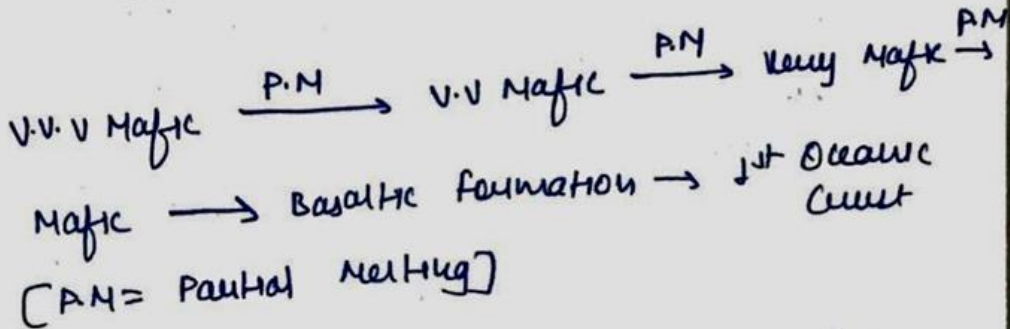
Geomorphology

12:00- 2:30 Lec 13

Origin & Evolution of Earth's crust



Micro continents



• Origin & evolution of earth's crust has witnessed diff. stages in its development :-

Stage I - This delicate crust formed from ancient nebula (its composition must have been very diff. from crust we have today).

Stage II - Because of no atmosphere, crust

must have been impacted by Meteorites that  
must have sets of Mantle convection cells &  
numerous episodes of volcanism [Catastrophic  
Theory of origin of the crust]

[The Mantle & Interiors of Earth must have  
been far more hotter & fluid than what we  
have today]

Stage III - The volcanic eruption must have  
been associated with extremely mafic rock which  
must have been very very dense  $\therefore$  pulled  
back into mantle by the convection cells

Stage IV - There must have been series of  
cycles of eruptions, subduction & partial melting  
to create the first ocean Basalts like those  
of today

at ocean crust.

of today

\* This is the formation of 1st Ocean crust.

Stage V - The Ocean crust must have again subducted, undergo P.M. to form 1st

Micro continent of Andeitic composition.

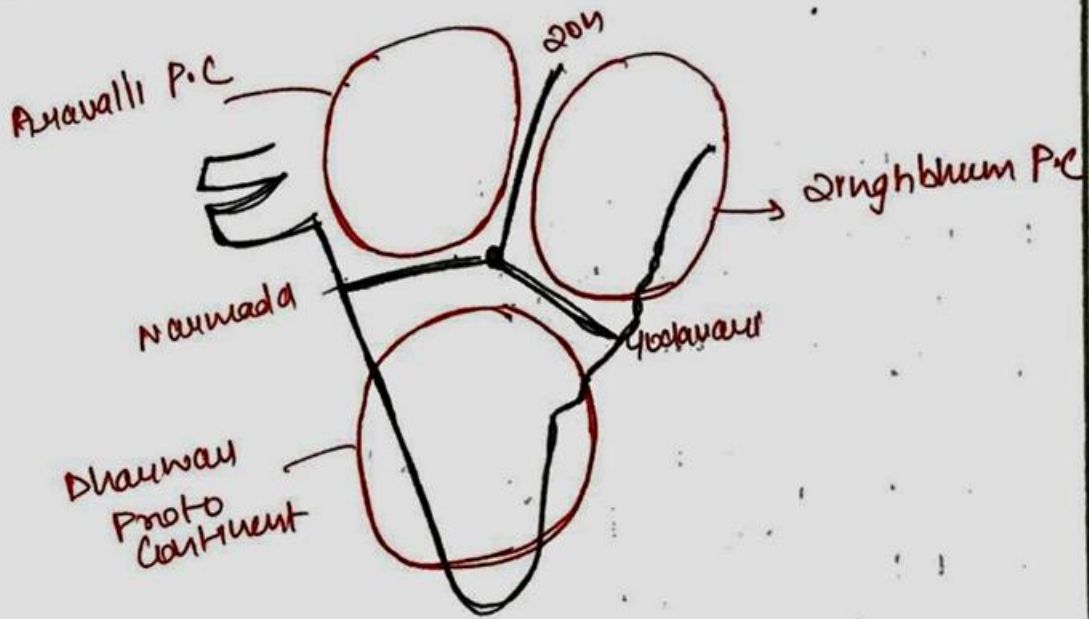
[1st Continent Formation]



Stage VI - Once the continent crust are formed they are lighter & moved on surface of earth with convection cells but will next subduct

Stage VII - Micro continent can collide and can fuse into large continent (India's ~~old~~ old Peninsular block is a remnant of 3 Proto continents - Dharwar Proto continent, Singhbhum and Aravalli Proto continent)





Stage VIII :- Numerous such collision must have formed larger continents & eventually super continent which must have broken numerous times & must

o Paleozoic format of Pangea II is Wegener's Supercontinent referred to as Pangea. This phase of supercontinent formation is associated with Caledonian & Hercynian Mt building

# Reference - Pg 128 (Geomorphology by Sandhya Singh)

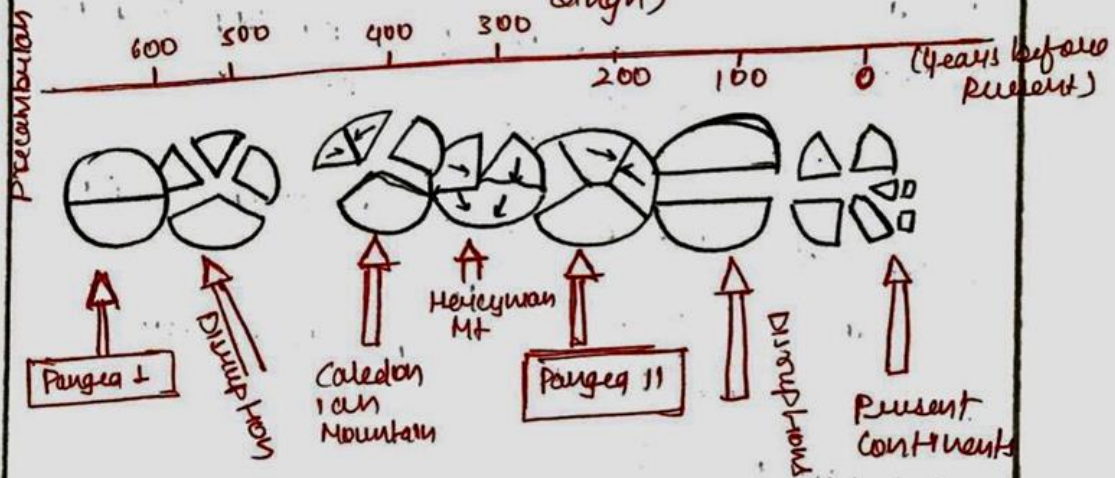


Fig Continental Movement during last 700 million years

o Presently our earth is in phase of a consolidation & formation of fold mountain. This present phase is part of continuation of Tertiary mountain building phase that

includes mountains like Himalayas, Rockies, Alps, Rockies & the extensive Tertiary Eurasian Mountain System.

- By about 130-150 my from now, we will have another super continent
- This is how tectonic evolution happens, continents form and grow, oceans get recycled, destroyed & again recreated.

• Because of oceans getting recycled, however do we have oceans older than Mesozoic times. but continents once formed don't get destroyed, so the oldest rocks found today are continental rocks which are old, metamorphosed part of ancient cratons.